OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1750. [N°. 305.]

——— *Speak of me as I am,*
Nothing extenuate, nor ſet down aught in Malice.
SHAKESP.

"SPEAK well of the Dead" is a kind of ſacred Adage in the Mouths of moſt well-diſpoſed People; inſomuch, that a Breach of it, is conſidered as a Violation of a capital Precept of Chriſtianity. Tho' were this traced to it's Source, it might probably be found to owe its Riſe to Weakneſs and Superſtition; yet there is ſomething very laudable in it, as it is expreſſive of a generous Intention to ſcreen the Failings of thoſe who are become incapable of ſpeaking for themſelves: But I think "Speak *Truth* of the Dead," would have been a much fairer Recommendation, and more beneficial to the Community; as it carries with it an Awe upon the Actions of Men, and conſequently reſtrains them from running into ſuch Errors and Exceſſes as may reproach their Memories, far diſtant in the Days of their Duſt; whereas they may hope, from the Doctrine inculcated by our old Adage, to have their Defects buried with them in their Graves, and ſunk in eternal Oblivion.

The learned Biſhop of *Meaux* ſays, in his *Univerſal Hiſtory*, that it was a Cuſtom among the antient *Egyptians*, on the Death of a Perſon of Diſtinction, to enquire into the Actions of his Life; and ſo to decide, whether he deſerved an honorable Burial or not. If the good Deeds of the Deceaſed predominated, he had all the Marks of Honor beſtowed upon him in a funeral Oration; whereas, if the Ballance lay on the other Side, his funeral Rites were not only neglected, but his Memory branded with Contempt, or perhaps Infamy. 'Tis plain therefore that, "to ſpeak *well* of the Dead," was in no Regard among thoſe wiſe and learned Antients, unleſs the Dead had deſerved it. On this Foundation is built the Principle of theſe Papers, ſo that, whoever deſerves well of the Community has nothing to fear from us, but on the contrary the moſt honorable Mention that can be made of his Conduct thro' Life, in whatever Station his Choice or his Fortune may have placed him.

The late *Maſter of the Rolls* paſſed lately into Eternity with very little Noiſe. He died and was buried, and no more! As he never affected Popularity, and avoided Oſtentation, his Virtues were not generally known. In his Profeſſion he was ſcrupulouſly conſcientious, tender of his Client, and a good Advocate where the Cauſe was juſt. No Man ſtated his Caſe clearer than he, conſiſtent with the Merits of it. A particular Inſtance of it is ſtill remembered by ſome Perſons now in high Station, as well as myſelf in a lower one. When this Gentleman was Attorney-General to his *Royal Highneſs*, and in that Capacity appeared at a Conſultation which was had at a late great Man's Chambers, on a Doubt that had occurred to him in an Affair of Moment, that was then tranſacting between a Perſon of Diſtinction and his *Royal Highneſs*; the Conſultation was opened by Mr. Attorney in ſo very fair and clear a Manner, that he had hardly delivered his Opinion upon the Caſe, before the great Authority in the Law I have hinted at, was convinced and his Doubt diſpelled.

As Judge upon the Bench at *Law*, he gave a general Satisfaction, even upon the Circuits, where he ſat unaſſiſted by any of his learned Brethren. If he was not ſo happy in *Equity*, it was not for Want of ſufficient Abilities or Experience, but from an unjuſt Diffidence of himſelf, and a natural Complacency of Temper too facil to reſiſt the Importunity and Ingenuity, or rather indeed Diſingenuity, of the Bar.

As our Common Law is circumſcribed by Rules, it is not eaſy for the Bar to miſlead the Bench, as the Marks and Boundaries are obvious, and occur daily to the Experience of the Learned. It is like travelling a Road, where tho' there may be many Turnings, yet the Knowlege of the Traveller, founded on chorographical Obſervations of the Country, is ſeldom eluded; whereas Equity is like a vaſt Waſte of Downs, wide and often trackleſs, without any other Bounds than the Hemiſphere, where the enquiring Traveller is apt to be miſled in his Way, by giving Credit to erroneous Guides, who are appointed perhaps to meet him at the moſt difficult Receſſes, merely to diſconcert his Judgment and throw him into Confuſion; or deceived by *Ignis fatuuſes* at Night, which lead him into Bogs and Marſhes, and then, in the fabled Character of *Hobgoblins*, triumph in the Iniquity of their Deluſions.

If we conſider the late good Man, that has left us, out of his Profeſſion, he will appear to us a Perſon of extenſive general Reading, well matured and digeſted, well verſed in the Sciences, and a Lover of learned and ingenious Men. He had a fine Taſte of the *Belles Lettres*, and few could diſtinguiſh ſo happily elegant. He was polite in his Maaner, benign in his Reception of Viſitors, and agreeably communicative among them. He was generous in his Nature, beneficent in his Actions, full of Compaſſion for the Suitor he could not relieve, and of univerſal Charity towards human Kind, without the leaſt Alloy of Avarice, or of begrudging Parſimony or Affectation.

Here reſting this amiable Character, not eaſily equalled, I think, in purſuing the Principle of ſpeaking *Truth* of the Dead, it may be in ſome meaſure needleſs to ſay, he will ſuffer much leſs in the Opinion of the Wiſe and Candid, from thoſe who preceded him within Memory than from his Succeſſor, who mounts his Seat with all the Learning and Endowments of his Profeſſion; with Abilities well informed by Experience, and Judgment matured by Obſervation and Practice which few can equal, none tranſcend; who roſe, like a Comet, early in Life, and ſpread about an Increaſe of Blaze with his Years. He ſet out at the Bar on the Side of Liberty, and flouriſhed in the Defence of his Fellow-Subjects and the Preſs againſt miniſterial Power. When, in the Courſe of his Profeſſion, he happened to be retained on the Side of Proſecution, it was obſerved he made not ſo great a Figure in that ill-natured Province as he did in defending the Injured.

As his Genius was formed for Defence, he was induſtriouſly ſought after, and timely engaged, by the Oppreſſed. Even after he had been diſtinguiſhed by his Majeſty's ſpecial Call within the Bar, Applications have been made to the Throne for Diſpenſations and Licence for him to plead againſt the Crown, where the Crown was only nominally concern'd. The late Earl of *Macclesfield*, than whom none could better judge of Merit in the Profeſſion, caſt his diſcerning Eye, and founded the Hopes of his Defence, upon his Abilities. It is eaſy to accuſe, but very difficult to defend. It is on the defenſive Side, that a Counſel can beſt exert and ſhew himſelf at the Bar. This gives him a laudable Opportunity to throw out all the generous Efforts of his Soul to acquit his Client. Thus the eloquent *Tully* ſhone and roſe into Dignity among the *Romans*; *Somers*, among ourſelves, in the Reign of *William*; and *S——ge*, in the three laſt ſucceſſive Reigns —— But I mean not to write a Panegyric on the Orchards of *Alcinous*.

There is an abſurd Notion that prevails among ſome People, who would be thought ſomewhat wiſer than their Neighbours: Theſe pretend, that a Barriſter, ſkilled in the Common Law of this Nation, becomes, in Proportion to his Learning that way, unfit to preſide in a Court of Equity. It may be as well ſaid, that a Knowlege in the Mathematics miſleads a Man in the Search of Truth. The End of the Law is Juſtice, and ſo is that of Equity. 'Tis very ſtrange, if what directs the Courſe of the one ſhould embarraſs that of the other. This makes it's Approaches by ſtated Rules, which it can neither leſſen or enlarge: That acts not In Contradiction, but in Aid, of them, and relieves where the other is limited. A moderate Application makes a good Arithmetician a competent Maſter of Geometry, and without paſſing thro' the ſtated Rules of theſe, there is no arriving at Algebra, the ultimate Art of Demonſtration. The Superſtructure of Equity is ſoon raiſed on the ſolid Foundation of Law; and, without ſuch a Foundation, all Erections become precarious and inſufficient.

If we have not ſeen Inſtances of this laſt Kind in our own Times, nothing has appeared more evident among us, than that the greateſt Characters in Equity (if we except one prodigious Authority who preſided twice at the Head of it) had their Foundation in the Law. To avoid the Imputation of Adulation I will not dwell upon an inconteſtible Example which occurs daily to Obſervation. The late Lords *Harcourt* and *Macclesfield* were profeſs'd Common Lawyers, before they were advanced to preſide in Equity. And I believe the laſt, throughout the whole Courſe of his Profeſſion, was never ſeen in the Court of Chancery till he took his Place upon the Bench.

Whatever Imputations theſe two great Men may have been under, Detraction itſelf muſt allow they were every Way equal to the high Station they reſpectively filled. If we take a little further Retroſpection, we ſhall find that the great Lord *Somers* had been likewiſe a Lawyer.——But 'tis humouring the wretched Abſurdity too far to give it a ſerious Refutation. However, tho' it is not to be denied, that a good Civilian may make a very able Judge in Equity, yet, I think, that he who well underſtands our Common Law is much better qualified to relieve the Suitor againſt the Se-

verity of it; for which very Purpoſe a Court of Equity was erected.

Upon Enquiry into the Profits of the Office of *Maſter of the Rolls*, they have turned out ſurprizingly ſhort of what was expected; and tho' this great Officer takes Place next the Lord Chief Juſtice of *England*, yet the yearly Emoluments of his Poſt hardly amount to thoſe of a puiſne Judge. Whoever quits a lucrative Station at the Bar to accept of a Seat upon the Bench, ſo little deſirable and ſo very unequal, deſerves highly the public Thanks of his Country; more eſpecially, if he has been ſo far from conſulting his own private Intereſt, as not to ſtipulate, or even aſk, for an Addition to his Salary. In ſuch a Caſe our *Superiors* will think it incumbent upon them to recommend ſuch uncommon Merit to his Majeſty's particular Notice, ſo as to add Dignity to that Seat of Juſtice, by conferring *Honors* upon the deſerving Head, who has condeſcended to accept of it, under ſuch diſadvantageous Circumſtances.

N. B. The laſt *Old England* is reprinted, Price 2*d.*

*** Our Paper of laſt Week having been incorrectly publiſh'd in a Sixpenny Pamphlet, and mention'd to be reviſ'd by the Author, makes it neceſſary to advertiſe that it is a ſcandalous Piracy and Impoſition on the Public, for which the Publiſher will be proſecuted (unleſs his third Bankruptcy ſhould prevent it) together with all the News Papers which, after this Day, ſhall advertiſe it as reviſed by the Author.

ARGUS CENTOCULI.

LONDON.

Whitehall, Jan. 19. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint William Shirley, Eſq; Governor of his Majeſty's Province of Maſſachuſſet's Bay in New England, and William Mildway, Eſq; to be his Majeſty's Commiſſaries to ſettle and determine with the Commiſſaries of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, the Points remaining to be adjuſted between the two Crowns in America, as well as all Prizes taken at Sea ſince Hoſtilities ſhould have ceaſed according to the Preliminary Articles.

Whitehall, Jan. 20. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Hon. John Earl of Rothes, Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Royal Regiment of North Britiſh Dragoons, late under the Command of John Earl of Craufurd, deceas'd.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint James Cholmondeley, Eſq; Major General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Regiment of Dragoons, late under the Command of the Earl of Rothes.

Thurſday was held a Court of Common Council at Guildhall, when Thomas Nugent, Eſq; Senior Council of the Sheriffs Court was choſen one of the Judges of the ſame in the room of Thomas Haſſel, Eſq; deceaſed; after which a Petition was preſented to the Court, ſigned by the four City Council, viz. Thomas Nugent, John Williams, John Charnock, and Walter Long, Eſqrs. ſetting forth, that they gave 800 l. for their Places, and that the Income of them, as lately reduced by the Court, was not more than common Intereſt for their Money, that their Offices required much attendance; and therefore prayed, that ſo much of the Reſolution of that Court, of the 29th of July laſt as related to them, might be repealed; and that the Salary of Judges of the Sheriffs Court, which was reduc'd to 50 l. might be 100 l. per Ann. before that Reſolution: Upon which the Queſtion was put, that the clauſe relating to the ſaid Council might be repealed, and was unanimouſly carried in the Affirmative. The Recorder was deſired to withdraw, and Mr. Robert Henſhaw mov'd that the Salary of the Recorder might be augmented to 400 l. the Sum his Predeceſſors had; but that not being upon the Liſt of the Buſineſs for the Day, the Motion was poſtponed to the Conſideration of another Court.

A Bill is ordered into Parliament, for preventing Delays and Expences in the Proceedings in the County Courts of Middleſex; and the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts in the ſaid County Courts.

A Bill is intended to be preſented to Parliament by the Inhabitants of a certain Pariſh near St. James, to regulate the Fees of the Church, as Baptizing, Burying, &c. the Fees being ſo great in moſt Parithes that they are very troubleſom to the poorer Inhabitants.

A few Days ſince came on at a Court Martial the Trial of a Lieutenant for Neglect of Duty, and of an Adjutant for beating a private Sentinel; the former of whom was for ever rendered incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, and the latter was ſuſpended, during Pleaſure, and is to be mulcted a Years Pay.

John Douglaſs, Eſq; Lieutenant in the Royal Regiment of Scots Grey Dragoons, is made Adjutant of that Regiment, in the room of Sir John Ogilvie, Bart. who has reſigned. And

The Hon. William Napier, is made a Lieutenant in the ſame Regiment.

The Hon. Capt. Thomas Dalrymple, Son of the Lord Dromore, is appointed Major of the Regiment of Dragoons late Lord Rothe's, and now General Cholmondley's, in the room of Major Tonnin, now Lieutenant-Colonel in the room of Sir John Whiteford.

Laſt Week died at Bath, Sir William Morris of Werrington in the County of Devon, Bart. Member of Parliament for Launceſton in Cornwall: He married Sept. 1731, Lady Lucy Wharton, Daughter of Thomas Marquis of Wharton; ſhe died at Bath, Feb. 2. 1738-9. Sir William's ſecond Lady is Anne, Daughter of Thomas Bury of Bury Narbor, in the County of Devon, Eſq;

He has left 5000 l. a Year to Sir John St. Aubin, 5000 l. to his Lady, with all her Jewels, and 2500 l. a Year to —— Morrice, a near Relation, who ſucceeds him in the Title of Baronet; and we hear that he will be a Candidate for Launceſton in his room.

A new Writ is iſſued out for electing a Member to ſerve in this preſent Parliament for that Borough, in the room of the above Gentleman.

'Tis ſaid the Country Gentlemen of ſeveral Counties of England after the Example of Weſtminſter, have come to a Reſolution of opening a ſmall annual Subſcription, the better to defray the Expence of their Friends Elections.

On Sunday Night the Lady Anne Smithſon, Daughter of his Grace the Duke of Somerſet, was ſafely delivered of a Son at Sir Hugh Smithſon's Houſe in Groſvenor-Street.

The Rev. Dr. Hale, Fellow of King's College, Cambridge, and Librarian to the late and preſent Archbiſhop of Canterbury is collated by his Grace to the Living of Worthcot near Canterbury, worth 200 l. per Ann.

By a Letter from Bath, we have an Account that Col. Warburton died there a few Days ſince.

Wedneſday in the Evening a Butcher of Black-ſtreet, Southwark, being drinking with Mr. Gardner a Hatter in the ſame Neighbohrhood, and ſome Words ariſing, the former ſtruck the latter ſuch a violent Blow over the Temples with a Poker, that he died in about three Hours, and the other abſconded.

Wedneſday Morning, between five or ſix o'Clock, Mr Jukes, a Farmer, at Edmonton, coming up to Town was knock'd down between the Fox and the King's Head in Kingſland Road, by two Fellows; but recovering the Blow, he engaged with them for ſome Time, during which he received ſeveral violent Cuts on his Head; but the Fellows hearing ſeveral Waggons coming up made off with only his Hat. Mr. Jukes with much Difficuliy got to the Black Horſe, where he lies in a dangerous Condition, attended by ſeveral Surgeons:

They write from Kendal in Weſtmoreland, that the Diſtemper among the Cattle rages violently in thoſe Parts; of which the Lord Ravenſworth, being informed, he ordered a Meeting of his Tenants at the Caſtle of Revenſworth, where his Lordſhip deſired them not to droop under the heavy Calamity that now threatens their Cattle, but to depend upon his ready Allowance to the ſole worth of each Ox-Bull Cow, &c. ſuffering by the ſaid Infection. A moſt noble and generous Example.

They write from York, that Bills of Indictment were found againſt five public Houſes in that City, for ſuffering unlawful Games therein. And a Preſentment was alſo made by the Grand Jury, ſetting forth that the Cuſtom of carrying a Ladle on two Poles on the 18th Day of October being St. Luke's Day, and alſo a Plough on Twelfth Day, or the Day after, was a great Nuſance, being frequently the Occaſion of Riots and Diſorders; and that particularly on the 6th Inſtant, one Joſeph Haſlegrave was killed in a Fray occaſioned by ſuch Proceſſion: Whereupon it was reſolved by the Court; that the obſervation of both the ſaid Cuſtoms ſhould be aboliſhed for the future: And they add that Mr. Alderman Liſter is elected Lord Mayor of that City for the enſuing Year.

They write from Spain, that their Markets are ſo glutted with Engliſh Woollen Goods, that Superfine Cloth is retailed there as cheap as in England; and they add, that this is occaſioned by our ſpeculating Merchants having made a falſe Judgment, and ſuppoſed that after the War the Spaniards were ready to receive almoſt any Quantity; not knowing that the French can ſerve them with a ſort of thin Cloth, that looks well, and comes to little more than half the Price of Britiſh.

'Tis ſaid there is Advice that the Chriſtian Slaves from Barbary are on their Voyage home.

We have Advice, that Admiral Spinola was to ſail from the Havannah the 15th of November for Cadiz, with the following Ships. viz. the Phœnix, of 80 Guns, the Dragon and Royal Family, of 70 Guns each; one Merchant Ship, and two Ships belonging to the Havannah Company This Fleet is very rich.

On Tueſday Evening laſt as a Lady of Diſtinction was viſiting in Albemarle-ſtreet, ſome Rogues ſtole the Curtains Cuſhions and Lining of her Chair, which were very rich, and got off undiſcovered.

Wedneſday a Fire broke in the Apartment, of Mr Hazell in Crutched Fryars, which burnt thro' the Floor into the Coach Houſe of Sir Daniel Lambert, and did conſiderable Damage before it could be got under.

Laſt Tueſday Night a Man was found almoſt naked, and in a bloody Condition in Petticoat Lane. Upon his coming to himſelf he ſaid he had been in a bad Houſe in that Lane; that the Women had robbed him of three Pounds, a Watch, a Hat and Wig, and Coat and Waiſtcoat: and that, upon complaining of the Uſage, two Fellows had beat him in that Manner, and turned him into the Street. The Houſe was immediately ſearched, where they found his Cloaths and Hat; but the People were all withdrawn.

On the 11th Inſt. Richard Simms, alias Figgot, of Little Barrington was committed to the Caſtle Jail of Glouceſter being charged on Oath with willfully and maliciouſly killing a Mare belonging to James Lenox Dutton, Eſq; in Company with John Midwinter, who was laſt Week committed for the ſame Fact. Mr. Dutton, had ſome time before taken up ſome Poachers, who had ſtole his Rabbits; and ſome of the Gang were heard to ſay, he ſhould get nothing by it; and a few Nights after it was found that they had entered his Home Park, and ſtabbed his fine Brood Mare valued at 300 l.

Laſt Saturday the Seſſions ended at the Old Bailey, when the ſeven following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz,

John Waller, on the Oath of James Welſh, for being concerned with him in divers Robberies, eſpecially for picking the Pocket of Ralph Tatham, of a Parchment Pocket-Book.

Lawrence Savage, for robbing Conſtantine Cahagan of a Silver Watch.

Mary Wood on the Oath of John Barefoot and others, for defrauding Thomas Maiſey of nine Pounds, by a forged and counterfeit Letter; and likewiſe for defrauding Robert Baylis of five Guineas.

Dennis Cranham and William Purcel, for robbing Mr. Whiffin in Shoreditch of a Hat and Wig.

Henry Woolfington, for aſſaulting and robbing Thomas Miller of Five Guineas. And

James Hammond, for ſtealing ſix Pair of Stockings, the Property of one Elliot, on Oath of Mary Cox.

On Thurſday laſt the Churchwardens of the Pariſh of St. Giles in the Fields indicted one Thomas Hays at Hick's-Hall, for taking dead Bodies out of ſeveral Church Yards in and about Town, and ſelling them to Surgeons. The Court ſentenced him to be confined ſix Months in Newgate and to pay a certain Fine.

Friday 7-Night twenty Children (ten Boys and ten Girls) were taken into the Foundling Hoſpital; but there were preſented no leſs than 76 Children, ſo that 56 were obliged to be ſent away

From the Paris A-la-main, Jan. 26.

The Commiſſaries appointed to inſpect into the Affairs of M. de la Bourdonnaye, having made their Report, has been ſentenced, not only to reſtore to his Majeſty, ſeven Millions, but to be cloſely confin'd to the Baſtile for twenty Years ſucceſſively.

We hear that he has actually paid five Millions (part of the ſaid ſeven Millions) within theſe few Days.

We hear that in a few Days will be publiſhed, addreſſed to the worthy Electors of Weſtminſter, an hiſtorical Print in two Plates, repreſenting the whole Life and Character, Birth, Parentage, and Education, Ingratitude and Proſtitution, Politics and Diſſimulation, Servility and Meanneſs, &c. &c. of *ESQUIRE DISMAL*, formerly Surgeon in Pallmall, but now one of the Managers of the French Players, and Agent in Chief for a certain Election. Price 1 s. each Plate. Printed for Mademoiſelle la Verité and to be had at the ſeveral Pamphlet Shops of London and Weſtminſter.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Jan. 18. Laſt Tueſday his Excellency the Earl of Harrington was pleaſed to confer the Honor of Knighthood on Charles Burton, Eſq; one of the Repreſentatives in Parliament, and an Alderman of this City.

We hear that the Bill for Inſolvent Debtors hath been read in the Houſe of Commons, and that ſome Amendments have been made thereto.

Saturday Night Capt. Thompſon. belonging to a Whitehaven Ship, and one of the Men, were waſhed overboard, and drowned, as they were coming into this Harbour.

FOREIGN AFFIRS.

FRANCE.

Paris, Jan. 12, O. S. Private Letters from Italy continue to mention a new Alliance between France, Spain, and Sardinia, in which the Republick of Genoa will be included, upon certain conditions, whereby his Sardinia Majeſty will renounce all Claims whatſoever to any of the Domains, Fiefs, or Territories held by the ſame Republic.

The Court has lately given a freſh Proof of her great Attention to cement the good Underſtanding ſo happily eſtabliſhed with Great Britain. The Earl of Albemarle

complaining a few Days ago of an Almanac, entituled *An Historical Calendar for the Year* 1750, *with the Origin of all the Sovereign Houses*, in which the Author, speaking of the Steuart Family, and of Prince Charles Edward in Particular, makes Use of certain Titles or Qualities, and drops some other Expreſſions which his Excellency judged his Court could not but reſent. No ſooner was this Complaint made than the Work was ſuppreſſed by the Kings Command, and the Author ſent to the Baſtile. A Charge was given, at the ſame Time, to the Licenſers of the Preſs to take ſpecial Care not to ſuffer auy Thing to be Printed which may give Offenſe to the Powers with whom France is at Peace.

BANKRUPTS.

James Conner of the City of Briſtol, Merchant.

William Welch, of the City of Briſtol, Coach and Coach Harneſs Maker.

Robert Barnes, late of Wapping in the County of Middleſex, Lighterman and Dealer in Coals.

Thomas Wiſemau, of Merton, in the County of Surry, Callico Printer and Chapman.

William Grinſell, of Bridewell, London, Weaver.

Anthony Lawrence, of the City of Briſtol Cordwainer

Lately publiſhed,

THE divine Inſtitution and Model of the Chriſtian Prieſthood. A Viſitation Sermon, by the Rev. James Chalmers, D. D.

The original Draught of the Primitive Church: Containing an Enquiry into the Conſtitution, Diſcipline, Unity, and Worſhip that flouriſhed within the firſt three Centuries after Chriſt. By a Preſbyter of the Church of England.

PLURALITIES INDEFENSIBLE: A Treatiſe humbly offered to the Conſideration of the Parliament of Great Britain. By a Preſbyter of the Church of England.

Denique ſit finis Quærendi.

Printed and ſold by Geo. Strahan, at the Golden Ball in Cornhill.

This Day is publiſhed,

(Price Two Shillings)

Numbers V. VI. *(which complete the Work) of*

Mrs. PHILLIPS's APOLOGY.

☞ *Mrs. Phillips having the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to ſuſpect there is every unfair method uſed to ſuppreſs the Sale of her Book, and even by ſome of the Bookſellers, tho' ſhe has never refuſed to ſupply them with the Allowances uſual among themſelves; yet nothing will content theſe People leſs than monopolizing to themſelves every thing that appears with Succeſs in Print; therefore, tho' none of them would venture to undertake it for her at firſt, none of them would now refuſe it; and to that End the Sale is endeavoured to be as much ſtifled as poſſible, with Intention we ſuppoſe to force Mrs. Phillips to diſpoſe of it: But as ſhe is determined never to do that, ſhe begs the Public will take Notice, they may be ſupplied, at her Houſe, with the the Two Firſt Volumes neatly bound, Price Six Shillings each; and alſo with her Mezzotinto Print, Price* 5 s. *The ſpurious Print mentioned in our former Adverti ſements, Mrs. Phillips gives this public Notice, to prevent Impoſition, is now ſold at the Printſhops, and reſembles her as much as it does* Peter the wild Boy: *The Public will pleaſe to obſerve all her's are ſigned with her own Hand-Writing*, the Counterfeits are engrav'd.

N. B. *All Merchants, Captains of Ships, &c. who ſend them abroad, ſhall have the ſame Allowance as the Bookſellers, which is near* 30 *per Cent. and if required any reaſonable Credit. Bookſellers in any part of England, who ſend their Commiſſions to her, ſhall be immediately ſerved with the uſual Advantages.*

To be had at Mrs. Phillips's, in White-Hart-Street, near Queen-Square, Weſtminſter.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and others

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

Son in-Law to the late Mr JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs)*

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand

---

Lately publiſhed,

The SECOND EDITION, *with large Additions,*

THE CIVIL LAW in its Natural Order; together with the Publick Law.

By WILLIAM STRAHAN, *L. L. D.*

With additional Remarks on ſome material Differences between the Civil Law and the Law of England.

Some of the Contents are,

Of the Government and general Polity of a State.——Of the Power, Rights, and Duties of the Sovereign.——Of his Council and their Duty.—— Of his Revenue, and their Duty who are employ'd about it.——Of the Means to procure Plenty of all Things in a State.——Of the Policy relating to the Uſe of the Seas and Sea Ports, &c.——Of the Officers and others employed in publick Functions.——Of Crimes and Offences, viz. of Embezzlement of the Publick Money; of Extortions, &c. committed by Officers.——Of fraudulent Bankruptcies, &c.——Of the Order of judicial Proceedings.——Of the Inſtitution of Criminal Proſecutions, &c.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball near the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

Where may be had,

The Preſent State of the Court of Rome, or, The Lives of the late Pope Clement XI. and of the College of Cardinals. Written originally in Italian, and newly tranſlated into Engliſh from the Italian Manuſcript, never as yet made Publick; with a Preface by the Publiſher, containing Remarks on the Nature of the College of Cardinals; and a ſhort Account of the Pope's Elevation to the Papacy, and the moſt remarkable Occurrences in his Pontificate.

The Maxims of Government, in an Advice to a Republick: Shewing how it ought to govern itſelf, in order to perpetuate its Dominion. In which are alſo conſider'd the ſeveral Intereſts of all the Princes of Europe, with reſpect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father Paul, Counſellor of State.

A Treatiſe concerning the Revolutions in Kingdoms; containing Twelve Chapters, viz.

Chap. I. All States are Subject to Revolutions, particularly Monarchy.

II. Why Subjects attempt Revolutions in Monarchy.

III. Concerning other Cauſes of Revolutions in Kingdoms.

IV. Of Hatred in Subjects, and how a Prince may render himſelf odious

V. Of Contempt, and what renders a Prince contemptible.

VI. Concerning the different Species of Changes that Kingdoms are ſubject to; and why one Sort of Change takes Place ſooner than another, &c. — Printed by Authority at Turin.

The Art of Negociating with Sovereign Princes; of the Uſefulneſs of Negociations; of the Choice of Ambaſſadors; of the Qualifications for ſucceeding in that Employment. By Monſ. Calliere, Counſellor and Secretary to Lewis XIV. and Plenipotentiary at Ryſwick.

A Diſcourſe of voluntary Servitude, wrote in French by Stephen de la Boetia, one of the King's Counſellors in the Court of the Parliament at Bourdeaux.

Lately publiſhed,

SEA Diſeaſes; or, a Treatiſe of their Nature, Cauſes, and Cure: Alſo an Eſſay of bleeding in Fevers.

The Art of curing Venereal Diſeaſes, explained by mechanical Principles.

The Symptoms, Nature, and Cauſe of a Gonorrhæa. The Third Edition, enlarged, with Cuts. Coth by WM. COCKBURN, M. D. Fellow of the Royal Society, and of the College of Phyſicians.

Eſſays on ſeveral Parts of the Animal Oeconomy: 1ſt, Of the Quantity of Blood in the Human Body. 2d. Of the Velocity of the Blood. 3d. Of the Force of the Heart in driving the Blood through the whole Body. 4th. Of Animal Secretion, and 5th. of Muſcular Motion. By JAMES KEILL, M. D. The Fourth Edition, corrected and enlarged. To which is added, A Diſſertation concerning the Force of the Heart. Alſo Statical Obſervations, explained and compared with Sanctorius's Aphoriſms.

The Practice of Phyſic, reduced to the ancient Way of Obſervations, containing a juſt Parallel between the Wiſdom and Experience of the Ancients, and the Hypotheſis of modern Phyſicians, with many practical Remarks upon moſt Diſtempers; and ſeveral new and curious Diſſertations, particularly of the Tarantula. Written by GEORGE BAGLIVI, M. D.

The Hiſtory of the *Lateral Operation*; Or, an Account of the Method of Extracting a Stone, by making a Wound near the great Protuberance of the Os Iſchium, through the Common Integuments and Levator Ani, into the Side of the Bladder without touching the Urethra, Proſtrate Glands, Veſiculæ Seminales, or any other of the Urinary or Seminal Veſſels; firſt attempted by *Frere Jacques*, in France, and afterwards ſucceſsfully performed by Profeſſor *Rau*, in Holland; with a Poſtſcript, concerning the Introduction and Improvement of this Method here in London, by *James Douglas*, M. D.

An *Appendix* to the Hiſtory of the *Lateral Operation* for the Stone containing Mr. Cheſelden's preſent Method of performing it. By *James Douglas*, M. D.

Index Materiæ Medicæ: Or, A Catalogue of Simple Medicines, that are fit to be uſed in the Practice of Phyſic and Surgery. Containing, 1ſt, The Officinal Name of each, in Latin. 2d, A ſhort Botanical Deſcription of the Species that is commonly uſed. 3d, The Name in Greek and Engliſh. 4th, The Part that is moſt in Uſe. And 5th, The Names of the Diſpenſatory or Shop-Preparations, and Compoſitions. To which are added, Two Tables; in the Firſt the Simple Medicines are reduced under general Heads, and in the Second they are claſſed according to their principal Virtues.

Printed for GEORGE STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball in Cornhill.

Where may be had,

A Short and Eaſy Method with the DEISTS. Wherein the Certainty of the Chriſtian Religion is demonſtrated by infallible Proof from Four Rules, which are incompatible to any Impoſtor that ever yet has been or that poſſibly can be. in a LETTER to a Friend. To which is added, A ſhort Method with the Jews; and alſo the Truth of Chriſtianity demonſtrated: With a Diſſertation on private Judgment, and a Defence of the Short Method with the Deiſts prefixed. The whole concluded with a Letter to a Deiſt, upon his Converſion by reading this Book. The Sixth Edition.

A Letter, ſhewing why our Engliſh Bibles differ ſo much from the Septuagint, tho' both are tranſlated from the Hebrew Original. By the Rev. Dr. BRETT.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revis'd and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurpriſing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Enormancies, neceſſary to be known both of the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHARDIUS, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr Isaac, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s 6 d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangeuries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aboveſaid Diſorders are not to be equaled in the whole Art of Medicines, were preſcribed by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a Hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicks, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorate ing Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in tens and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſons is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops and paying 3 s 6 d.

The only Certain and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most invetarate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, which always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, does at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroys it, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and at this who take them in Three Days Time are convinced, for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, Impure Heavinesse of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy lurks, and often times conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, dissipating all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cleanse the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much prais'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Knowledge, for their suddenly and certainly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to counterfeit them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreame and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO destructive to the Constitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by driving away the Radical Moisture or very Essence of Life, and inducing Consumptions, Nervous Disorders, &c. but to Posterity also, inasmuch as those afflicted with such Gleetings, if not wholly disabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miserable, and short-liv'd Issue.

These wasting Gleetings, occasion'd by Self-pollution, excessive Venery, severe Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almost all Physicians and Surgeons to be so very difficult to overcome, are now so certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Restrictive Balsamick Electuary, that no one, how bad soever, need despair of being entirely set to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country now send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon in those Cases. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, seal'd up, with a Book of Instructions, highly necessary to be read by all Persons whoever were afflicted with any Disorder of the Seminal Vessels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd unless Post-paid.

For the immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cause soever,*

And also of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occasion'd, or of ever so long Standing,*

The Famous and Inestimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenness in Women, and Impotency in Men in the Universe, and which at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and chiefly promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurable Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living or otherwise, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch, that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies, and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these famed and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, restoring the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

To Prevent Any Mistake.

NONE of the Author's ANODYNE NECKLACES, Or Other Remedies, are Permitted by Him, to be Sold BEHIND the Royal Exchange, He having No Manner of Dealings, at THAT PLACE. —— And REMOVED from Temple Bar.—To LONG-ACRE, At Mr. Burchell's, At the Sign of the Famous ANODYNE NECKLACE, Next Drury-Lane, LONDON. —

Where the Following Are Given Gratis.—Viz.—The New

ALMANACK, For the Jubilee Year 1750. In which, In the Month of Lent, is a Large LIST of Fasters from FLESH CONVERSATION as well as FLESH DIET, Such as MISERS, WORN-OUT Sinners, &c.

The Miser's CHAST, *'cause He Won't* PAY *a Wh—re,*
The Worn-Out's CHAST, *'cause He can Sin* NO MORE.

The LIST contains Many Other such Fasters, that are CHASTE, on much the SAME SCORES.

DR. WARD's Practice of Physic Examined, Telling Who are QUACKS, Who NOT. And,

The Practical Scheme of Curing Secret Cases, &c. Without Telling the Affair, to Any One.

In this SCHEME, Venereal, and GLEET Patients will See their Private Difficulties Fully Answered, Without Being PUT TO IT, to Ask Advice of Any One.

Step then, But into the Shop, In Long-Acre, for it. And, It will be Very Readily GIVEN You GRATIS.

At the Same Place, Are the Famous Purging SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c.

12d. a Dozen. —— Or, May Buy but ONE ONLY Single PLUM, With Directions With it (for a PENNY)

Which is Enough to Bring away WORMS, and Foul Humors from a CHILD —Or 2, 3, Or, 4, Or, what You Please.

And are as Innocent, and Safe, as a little Rhubarb or Manna, Or 2, or 3 Laxative Prunes stewed with Sena. Or Three Dozen, for Half a Crown, (With Plenty of Directions Along with them) To Give Away.——Or, (On Return) For

SHOP-KEEPERS, to Sell Again, With a Curious Fine BORDER'D Printed Sheet, to Hang Out, If you Please to have it Sent to you.

And, All ORDERS, from any Where, tho' the most Distant off, Directed to the ANODYNE NECKLACE, In LONG ACRE, London, shall be Immediately Sent to You.

Country SHOP-KEEPERS Sell a Deal of Them.

LONDON: Printed for J. PURSER, in *Red-Lion Court, Fleet-street.* Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.